LUVOIR coronagraph Status Update

LUVOIR STDT f2f meeting, Nov 9 th 2016. Laurent Pueyo

How to build instruments that yield these images.





HDST report (2015)

Missing from simulations:



• What are the band passes, what is the resolution?

• What is the yield? How to increase the yield?



• How do we reach the wavefront stability?

Back end instrument decisions Resolution for charaterization

Photometry



Resolution for charaterization

15

0.5''

R~50-100

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Back end instrument decisions Resolution for charaterization



Back end instrument decisions Resolution for detection

Large fov, photometry only.



Back end instrument decisions Resolution for detection

Small fov, spectrum.



Recap



• What are the band passes, what is the resolution?

- Architecture A: IFU + high res spectrograph?
- Architecture B: IFU + imager?
- How many parallel channels?

•What is the yield? How to increase the yield?



• How do we reach the wavefront stability?

Coronagraphs: starting point



Coronagraphs: starting point

Zimmerman et al. (2014)



This is the technology that will fly with WFIRST

Coronagraphs: SCDA study



- Telescope builders choose possible architectures.
- Coronagraph designers do their homework
- Coronagraph design propagated through PROPER code.
- Agreed upon metrics for yield calculations are estimated.
- Yield calculation.

Courtesy of Neill Zimmerman

August-Sep 2016: New APLC design survey with expanded parameter range

- 3100 new designs optimized on NCCS Discover supercomputer
- All SCDA reference apertures (hexagonal, pie, and keystone primaries)
- Inner working angles down to 2.5 λ/D
- With and without central obscuration (on-axis versus off-axis)
- Contrast fixed at 10⁻¹⁰ throughout

NCCS Discover is an efficient tool for running many linear optimization programs to survey the APLC design parameter space.

Up to 50 optimization jobs run concurrently, with typical completion times < 6 hours.

STScI team has submitted a proposal to renew the NCCS allocation in November (~25k run hours)

700 10% BW 15% BW 600 500 Number of designs 400 300 200 100 0 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 Hours

Optimization completion time per design

Courtesy of Neill August-Sep 2016: New APLC design survey Zimmerman with expanded parameter range

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Throughput of best designs as a function of IWA





Aperture	Obscured	Unobscured
Hex 1	22	31
Hex 4	26	28
Keystone 24	31	36
V. T . IV.		'

Courtesy of Neill Zimmerman



Mawet et al. (2013)



Grayscale apodized vortex coronagraph





Ruane et al. (2015)

Wednesday, November 9, 16

Courtesy of

Garreth Ruane



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ExoEarth Candidate Yield Calculations



Recap



• What are the band passes, what is the resolution?

- Architecture A: IFU + high res spectrograph?
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- How many parallel channels?



•What is the yield? How to increase the yield?

- Yield is now on par with Stark et al. (2015)
- Progress is happening quickly
- How do we reach the wavefront stability?

Wavefront stability

Wavefront actuation



GPI like DM: 0.3 mm pitch



Shi et al. (2015)

Questions:

- Will we need a LOWFS?
- Will we need a HOWFS?
- Copy LOWFS architecture of WFIRST?

Recap



• What are the band passes, what is the resolution?

- Architecture A: IFU + high res spectrograph?
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•What is the yield? How to increase the yield?

- Yield is now on par with Stark et al. (2015).
- Progress is happening quickly.
- How do we reach the wavefront stability?
 - Ongoing work on technology trades.
 - Most likely will not impact instrument mass volume.





Moving forward

- Oct 20 th 2016: Kick Off meeting.
- Nov 3 rd: Discussions on preliminary input sheet.
- Dec I st: In depth discussion filters, wavelength coverage. Inputs from ExoWG.
- Dec 15 th: In depth discussion on back end instrument architectures/detector technologies.
- Jan 12 th: In depth discussion on wavefront sensing and control architecture.
- Jan 19 th: In depth discussion on coronagraph design and optical design considerations.
- Feb 2 th: Finalize input sheets. Finalize documentation package to help GSFC design team.