

# A Fast Apparent Horizon Finder for 3-D Cartesian Grids in Numerical Relativity

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## Motivation:

gravitational waves  $\Rightarrow$  binary BH coalescence

$\Rightarrow$  numerical relativity

$\Rightarrow$  want to **find apparent horizons** (BH surfaces)  
**at each time step** of a numerical evolution

existing AH finders are very slow (minutes)  $\Rightarrow$  want a faster AH finder

## Main Ideas:

- assume AH is a Strahlkörper (“star-shaped region”),  
parameterize by  $r = h(\text{angle})$  for some single-valued  $h : S^2 \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}^+$
- AH equation becomes **elliptic PDE** for  $h$  on  $S^2$   
 $\Theta(h, \partial_u h, \partial_{uv} h; g_{ij}, K_{ij}, \partial_k g_{ij}) = 0$
- **finite difference** in angle on  $S^2$  ( $N_{\text{ang}}$  angular grid points)
- multiple grid patches to avoid  $z$  axis singularities
- solve by **Newton’s method** in  $N_{\text{ang}}$  dimensions
- use “**symbolic differentiation**” to compute Jacobian matrix
- interpolate  $g_{ij}$  and  $K_{ij}$  to AH surface points, **compute  $\partial_k g_{ij}$**   
at AH surface points **as part of (Hermite) interpolation**

## Results:

- **very fast: finds AHs in a few seconds**
- CACTUS thorn AHFINDERDIRECT
- code will be freely available (GNU GPL) starting in summer 2003